Annual Notification of Rights under FERPA
Office of the Registrar
Reed College

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords eligible students certain rights with respect to their education records. (An “eligible student” under FERPA is a student who is 18 years of age or older or who attends a postsecondary institution at any age.) These rights include:

1. The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days after the day the Office of the Registrar receives a request for access. A student should submit to the registrar a written request that identifies the record(s) the student wishes to inspect. The school official will make arrangements for access and notify the student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. If the records are not maintained by the school official to whom the request was submitted, that official shall advise the student of the correct official to whom the request should be addressed.

2. The right to request the amendment of the student’s education records that the student believes is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student’s privacy rights under FERPA.

A student who wishes to ask Reed College to amend a record should write the college official responsible for the record, clearly identify the part of the record the student wants changed, and specify why it should be changed.

If the college decides not to amend the record as requested, Reed College will notify the student in writing of the decision and the student’s right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the student when notified of the right to a hearing.

3. The right to provide written consent before Reed College discloses personally identifiable information (PII) from the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.

Reed College discloses education records without a student’s prior written consent under the FERPA exception for disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by Reed College in an administrative, supervisory, academic, research, or support staff position (including community safety personnel and health and counseling services staff); a person serving on the board of trustees; or a student serving on an official committee, such as the Judicial Board, Sexual Misconduct Board, Appeals Board, etc. A school official also may include a volunteer or contractor outside of Reed who performs an institutional service of function for which the school would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of the school with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, auditor, or collection agent or a student volunteering to assist another school official in performing their tasks. A school official typically has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill their professional responsibilities for Reed College.

Upon request, the school may disclose education records without consent to officials of another school in which a student seeks or intends to enroll, but only after making a
reasonable attempt to notify the student of these disclosures. The right to file a complaint with
the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the Reed College to comply
with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

Student Privacy Policy Office
U.S. Department of Education 400
Maryland Avenue, SW Washington,
DC 20202

Public Information*

The College has defined the following information as public information and may release it without
student consent: name, dates of attendance, full- or part-time status, campus mailbox number, email
address, local address and phone, permanent address and phone, major, minor, degree and date awarded,
last institution attended, honors awarded, and participation in recognized Reed College programs.

Reed publishes a student directory in IRIS, available to the college community, which includes name,
campus mailbox number, local address and phone number, and permanent address and phone number.
Students may choose whether their information will appear by designating what will show in Campus
Web Directory Prefs. Reed does not release lists of students, or lists of their addresses, to outside
organizations except as required by law. A student may instruct the college to withhold all public
information by submitting instructions in writing to the registrar within the first 10 class days of
instruction.

* Public information is referred to in FERPA as directory information.

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Additional Information Regarding the Release of Education Records under FERPA

FERPA permits (but does not require) the disclosure of personal identifiable information (PII)
from students’ education records, without consent of the student, if the disclosure meets certain
conditions found in § 99.31 of the FERPA regulations. Except for disclosures to school officials,
disclosures related to some judicial orders or lawfully issued subpoenas, disclosures of directory
information, and disclosures to the student, § 99.32 of FERPA regulations requires the institution
to record the disclosure. Eligible students have a right to inspect and review the record of
disclosures. A postsecondary institution may disclose PII from the education records without
obtaining prior written consent of the student —

- To other school officials, including teachers, within Reed College whom the school has
determined to have legitimate educational interests. This includes contractors, consultants,
volunteers, or other parties to whom the school has outsourced institutional services or
functions, provided that the conditions listed in § 99.31(a)(1)(i)(B)(1) - (a)(1)(i)(B)(3) are
met. (§ 99.31(a)(1))

- To officials of another school where the student seeks or intends to enroll, or where the
student is already enrolled if the disclosure is for purposes related to the student’s enrollment
or transfer, subject to the requirements of § 99.34. (§ 99.31(a)(2))
• To authorized representatives of the U.S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, the U.S. Secretary of Education, or State and local educational authorities, such as a State postsecondary authority that is responsible for supervising the university’s State-supported education programs. Disclosures under this provision may be made, subject to the requirements of §99.35, in connection with an audit or evaluation of Federal- or State-supported education programs, or for the enforcement of or compliance with Federal legal requirements that relate to those programs. These entities may make further disclosures of PII to outside entities that are designated by them as their authorized representatives to conduct any audit, evaluation, or enforcement or compliance activity on their behalf. (§§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35)

• In connection with financial aid for which the student has applied or which the student has received, if the information is necessary to determine eligibility for the aid, determine the amount of the aid, determine the conditions of the aid, or enforce the terms and conditions of the aid. (§ 99.31(a)(4))

• To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the school, in order to: (a) develop, validate, or administer predictive tests; (b) administer student aid programs; or (c) improve instruction. (§ 99.31(a)(6))

• To accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. (§ 99.31(a)(7))

• To parents of an eligible student if the student is a dependent for IRS tax purposes. (§ 99.31(a)(8)) (*n.b. Reed chooses to have parent and student determine how information will be released.*)

• To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena. (§ 99.31(a)(9))

• To appropriate officials in connection with a health or safety emergency, subject to § 99.36. (§ 99.31(a)(10))

• Information the school has designated as “directory information” under § 99.37. (§ 99.31(a)(11))

• To a victim of an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, subject to the requirements of § 99.39. The disclosure may only include the final results of the disciplinary proceeding with respect to that alleged crime or offense, regardless of the finding. (§ 99.31(a)(13))

• To the general public, the final results of a disciplinary proceeding, subject to the requirements of § 99.39, if the school determines the student is an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or non-forcible sex offense and the student has committed a violation of the school’s rules or policies with respect to the allegation made against him or her. (§ 99.31(a)(14))

• To parents of a student regarding the student’s violation of any Federal, State, or local law, or of any rule or policy of the school, governing the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance if the school determines the student committed a disciplinary violation and the student is under the age of 21. (§99.31(a)(15))