## MATHEMATICS 311

## ASSIGNMENT 6

Due: March 11, 2015
$01^{\circ}$ Calculate:

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos (x)}{\exp (x)+\exp (-x)} d x
$$

$02^{\circ}$ Let $a$ and $b$ be real numbers for which $0<b<a$. Calculate:

$$
\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{1}{(a+b \cos (\theta))^{2}} d \theta
$$

$03^{\circ}$ Find the Laurent Expansion:

$$
\frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}=\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_{k} z^{k} \quad(2<|z|)
$$

$04^{\circ}$ For the polynomial:

$$
p(z)=z^{9}-8 z^{2}+5
$$

show that all the zeros lie in the annular region: $\frac{1}{2}<|z|<\frac{3}{2}$, and that two of them lie in the annular region: $\frac{1}{2}<|z|<1$.
$05^{\circ}$ Let $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ be the unit disk in $\mathbf{C}$ centered at 0 . Let $K$ be a compact subset of $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$. Let $f$ be a function defined and analytic on $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ for which $f(\boldsymbol{\Delta}) \subseteq K$. Prove that $f$ admits precisely one fixed point.
$06^{\bullet}$ Let $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ be the unit disk in $\mathbf{C}$ centered at 0 . Let $f$ be the function defined on $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ as follows:

$$
f(z)=\frac{z}{(1-z)^{2}} \quad(z \in \boldsymbol{\Delta})
$$

Show that $f$ is injective. Describe $f(\boldsymbol{\Delta})$.

