MATHEMATICS 212 ASSIGNMENT 4

Due: February 25, 2015

01° Let B be the subset of \mathbf{R}^3 defined by the relations:

$$0 \le x, \ 0 \le y, \ 0 \le z, \ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1$$

Calculate:

$$\iiint_B xyz \, dxdydz$$

02° Let B be the unit ball in \mathbb{R}^3 , composed of the points Q = (x, y, z) for which $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$. Let P = (u, v, w) be a point in \mathbb{R}^3 for which $1 < u^2 + v^2 + w^2$. Find the average of the distances from P to the various points Q in B.

 03° Let r be any positive number. Let n be any positive integer. Let $S_n(r)$ be the subset of \mathbf{R}^n defined by the relations:

$$0 \le x_1, \ 0 \le x_2, \ \dots, 0 \le x_n, \ x_1 + x_2 + \ \dots + x_n \le r$$

Show that:

$$vol(S_n(r)) := \int \int \cdots \int_{S_n(r)} dx_1 dx_2 \cdots dx_n = \frac{r^n}{n!}$$

Argue by induction, using Fubini's Theorem.

04° Let K be the unit vector in \mathbf{R}^3 defined as follows:

$$K = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\0\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Let a be a real number for which $0 \le a \le 1$. Let D be the subset of \mathbb{R}^3 consisting of all (nonzero) vectors P:

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

for which:

$$\|P\| \le 1$$
 and $a \le \left(\frac{1}{\|P\|}.P\right) \bullet K$

Calculate:

$$vol(D) = \iiint dx dy dz$$

and:

$$\iiint_D x dx dy dz, \qquad \iiint_D y dx dy dz, \qquad \iiint_D z dx dy dz$$

 05^{\bullet} Let r and s be numbers for which:

0 < r < s

Let A be the subset of \mathbf{R}^3 defined by the relations:

 $0 \le u \le r, \ -\pi \le v \le \pi, \ -\pi \le w \le \pi$

Let H be the mapping defined as follows:

$$H: \quad (u, v, w) \longrightarrow (x, y, z) \qquad ((u, v, w) \in A)$$

where:

$$(x, y, z) = ((s + u\cos v)\cos w, (s + u\cos v)\sin w, u\sin v)$$

Let B be the range of H. What is it? Compute:

$$vol(B) = \iiint_B dxdydz$$

by change of variables:

$$\iiint_A |\det DH(u,v,w)| dudvdw$$

 06^{\bullet} Let *a*, *c*, and *h* be any positive real numbers. Find the volume of the region *C* which lies above the plane:

$$z = 0$$

below the plane:

$$x + cz = h$$

and inside the right circular cylinder:

$$x^2 + y^2 \le a^2$$

Draw a diagram of the region.