

MATHEMATICS 211

ASSIGNMENT 8

Due: November 5, 2014

01° Let ρ , α , and β be positive numbers for which:

$$\alpha\sqrt{\rho^2 + \beta^2} = 1$$

Let Γ be the curve in \mathbf{R}^3 defined as follows:

$$\Gamma(s) = (\rho\cos(\alpha s), \rho\sin(\alpha s), \alpha\beta s)$$

where s is any number. Verify that:

$$\|\Gamma'(s)\| = 1$$

where s is any number. Hence, s is the *arc-length* parameter. Let T , N , and B be the tangent, normal, and binormal vectors for Γ , respectively, defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} T(s) &= \Gamma'(s) \\ N(s) &= \frac{1}{\|\Gamma'(s)\|} T'(s) \\ B(s) &= T(s) \times N(s) \end{aligned}$$

where s is any number. By the Serret/Frenet formulae, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} T'(s) &= \kappa(s)N(s) \\ B'(s) &= -\tau(s)N(s) \end{aligned}$$

where s is any number and where $\kappa(s) = \|T'(s)\|$ and $\tau(s)$ are the curvature and torsion, respectively, for Γ at $\Gamma(s)$. Calculate $\kappa(s)$ and $\tau(s)$. By explicit calculation, verify that:

$$N'(s) = -\kappa(s)T(s) + \tau(s)B(s)$$

where s is any number.

02° Let Γ be the curve in \mathbf{R}^3 defined as follows:

$$\Gamma(s) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+s^2}}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2s}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{\log(s + \sqrt{1+s^2})}{\sqrt{5}} \right)$$

where s is any number. Repeat the steps in the foregoing problem.

03° For a curve parametrized by arclength, the formulas of Frenet stand as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} T' &= \kappa N \\ N' &= -\kappa T + \tau B \\ B' &= -\tau N \end{aligned}$$

Let:

$$A = \tau T + \kappa B$$

Show that:

$$\begin{aligned} T' &= A \times T \\ N' &= A \times N \\ B' &= A \times B \end{aligned}$$

04° Let a be a positive number. The Curve of Viviani traces (part of) the intersection of the cylinder:

$$(x - a)^2 + y^2 = a^2$$

and the sphere:

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = (2a)^2$$

in \mathbf{R}^3 . One may parametrize the curve as follows:

$$\Gamma(t) = \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \\ z(t) \end{pmatrix} = a \begin{pmatrix} 1 + \cos(t) \\ \sin(t) \\ 2\sin(t/2) \end{pmatrix} \quad (0 \leq t \leq \pi)$$

Note that the parameter t is not the arclength parameter. Find the curvature κ and the torsion τ of the Curve of Viviani. To do so, you may (if you wish) apply the following general formulas:

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa(t) &= \frac{1}{\|\Gamma'(t)\|^3} \|\Gamma'(t) \times \Gamma''(t)\| \\ \tau(t) &= \frac{1}{\|\Gamma'(t) \times \Gamma''(t)\|^2} (\Gamma'(t) \times \Gamma''(t)) \bullet \Gamma'''(t) \end{aligned}$$