Locating OriCs within a Genome

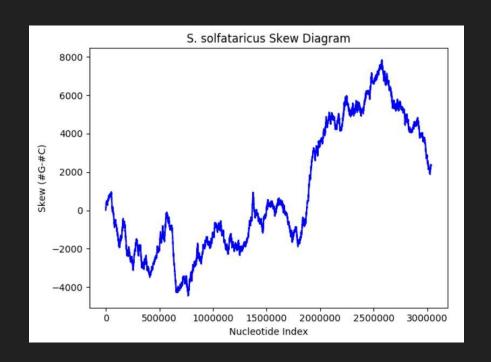
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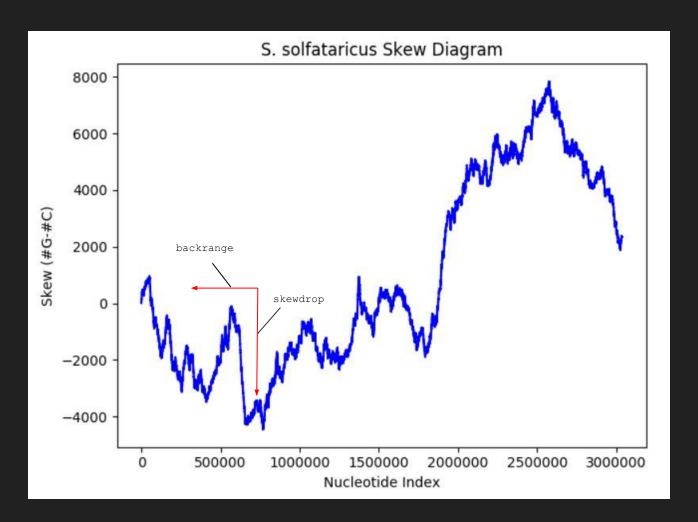
Problem?

• Is there a way to identify the location of potential OriCs within a given genome?

Approach!

- Skew diagrams
 - OriCs found within the valleys
- Define way to find valleys
- Find index of lowest point in those valleys





Data

- S. solfataricus genome
 - o NCBI
- Toy sequences
 - o Self-made
 - Varying degree of complexity

Code

```
All Valleys = []
                                                                        Create a list of
                                                                        all potential
                                                                        OriC locations
         All Valleys = All Valleys + seqskew[i]
Valleys = []
NewVal = []
For i in range(len(All Valleys)-1):
     If All Valleys[i] == All Valleys[i+1],[i+1]-1,[i+1]+1:
                                                                       Separate those
                                                                       into individual
    Else:
                                                                       groupings
          NewVal = NewVal + [All Valleys[i]]
         Valleys = Valleys + [NewVal]
          NewVal = []
                                                                       Find lowest
For i in range(len(Valleys)):
                                                                       value in each
    MinInd = Valleys[i].index(min(Valleys[i]))
    OriCs = OriCs + [Indicies[i][MinInd]]
```

Results

```
Python 3.6.1 (default, Dec 2015, 13:05:11)
[GCC 4.8.2] on linux
The genome sequence is 1300 nucleotides long.
Progress:
1000
OriC count: 4
Wrote to Toy3.png
Time elapsed: 0.01550372838973999 minutes
OriCs: [295, 498, 760, 1097]
```

Results

- Possible to identify valleys (OriCs)
- Depends on given parameters: backrange, skewdrop

